

# SACRAMENTO RECORD-UNION

DAILY UNION SERIES—VOL. LVII—No. 296.  
DAILY RECORD SERIES—VOL. XXVII—No. 499.

SACRAMENTO, SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 7, 1883.

DAILY RECORD-UNION SERIES.  
VOLUME XXVII—NUMBER 39.

THIS COLUMN IS CHANGED EVERY OTHER DAY FOR RED HOUSE



## OPENING DAY

Monday, --- April 9, 1883,

And Following Days,

## OUR NEW AND COMMODIOUS ROOMS

The public invited to visit the largest, best arranged and pleasantest

Boot,  
Shoe,  
Clothing,  
Hats,  
Furnishing Goods,  
Etc., Etc.,

HOUSE IN SACRAMENTO.

CHAS. H. GILMAN, Proprietor of the

## RED HOUSE

OUR ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST FOR 1883 MAILED FREE TO ANY ADDRESS.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

W. R. STRONG & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

California Farm Produce; Green, Dried and Tropical Fruits; NUTS, HONEY AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

SEED AND TREE DEALERS AND GROWERS.

J AND FRONT STREETS.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT---SPRING SEASON, 1883.

C. H. STEVENS & CO.

Take pleasure in informing their patrons that their stock of SPRING GOODS is now complete.

In Colored and Rep Materials,

WE HAVE ALL THE NEW FABRICS AND COLORS:

Crushed Strawberry, Shrimp Pink, Sapphire, Electric, Terra Cotta, etc.

—IN DIFFERENT QUALITIES.—

From 25 cents to \$1 per yard.

Summer Silks!  
Summer Silks!

GRO-GRAIN SILKS! OTTOMAN SILKS! RHADAME SILKS!

IN COLORS AND BLACKS.

IMMENSE STOCK OF LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

INFANTS' WAISTCOATS COMPLETE.

See our prices on these goods before purchasing elsewhere.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT!

—NEW LINES OF THE—

NEW "LANGTRY" LACED BOOT!

Pointed Toes, Patent Leather Tip. The very latest styles.

Our "Common-sense" Shoes for Ladies for Comfort.

C. H. STEVENS & CO.

CORNER EIGHTH AND J STREETS, SACRAMENTO.

Samples of any goods you wish forwarded at once, with PRICE LIST. Special attention to orders.

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EBNER BROS.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

WINE AND LIQUORS.

Nos. 110 and 118 K Street, bet. Front and Second, Sacramento.

Agents for the Celebrated

Pommery & Greno Champagne

fe27-1p1m

STAR MILLS AND MALT HOUSE.

NEUBERG & LAGER,

Nos. 50, 52 and 54 FIFTH ST., SACRAMENTO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Produce and Groceries, and all kinds of Meats; Oatmeal, Cornmeal, Cracked Wheat, Graham Flour, Buckwheat Flour, etc. New Grain Bags for sale. Agents for Buckeye Mills & Flour. fe17-1p

## HOME HAPPENINGS.

Attempt to Wreck a Train—The Chilians in Peru—Bunko Sharps and Methodists Preachers—Another Prize Fight—Conkling's Trial Postponed—Fatal Boiler Explosion—Admiral Murray in New York—Most, the Socialist, Coming West—The New Postal Law.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

### A Prize Fight.

NEW YORK, April 6th.—A prize fight occurred on Long Island at daybreak this morning, between Harry Watson, commonly known as the "Black Diamond," and James McLaughlin. Seven rounds were fought in seventeen minutes, when the "Black Diamond" was declared the winner. Watson bled from the forehead.

Sullivan Issues a Challenge.

NEW YORK, April 6th.—Sullivan has issued a challenge to meet James Mitchell, the recently arrived English pugilist, within three weeks, with hard gloves, for \$5,000 a side. Mitchell was in Wall street when the challenge was issued, and he is said to have received a lucrative offer to go to San Francisco, and if he accepts his visit to England will be postponed.

Bunko Sharps and Methodist Preachers.

NEW YORK, April 6th.—At the session of the New York Methodist Conference yesterday Rev. Dr. Buckley of the Christian Advocate warned the members against confidence men, as two brothers had already been deceived by these sharps, and he gave a description of the method of the bunco men. "The bunco men," he said, "have been lying in wait for ministers, coming by the Conference as they were visiting the Methodist Book Concern, and nabbed them as they were going up or coming down stairs. I accidentally came upon a minister in the clutches of confidence men. The minister, whose name I won't mention, was just about to sign a check for \$175. The confidence man had approached him and represented himself as a brother-in-law of a well-known Presiding Elder. Some of the confidence men had been trying to work their way up to a minister in front of this very church this morning."

The New York Domestic Tragedy—Conkling's Trial Postponed.

NEW YORK, April 6th.—The interior of the Court of General Sessions was crowded this morning with people who had come to attend the trial of George Conkling, Assistant District Attorney. O'Byrne said he was not prepared to go on with the case, but Conkling's counsel strenuously objected. O'Byrne said he had begun an investigation that would take all the gush out of this so-called domestic drama. "If the trial is postponed, it will go over until the May term," remarked Judge Gildersleeve. O'Byrne was satisfied with this, but Conkling's counsel, after a long appeal to the judge for an immediate trial, asked if any postponement was granted it should be until September, in order that he could go home and attend to his business. The judge decided to adjourn the trial until the September term.

Most Too Much to Endure—The Notorious Socialist Coming West.

NEW YORK, April 6th.—The Socialist, Johann Most, addressed the Internationalists this evening. The Telegram says the meeting is in part to give him a hearty send-off to the West-to-morrow. He has received invitations from various groups of lawyers, and the Workingmen's Association in the larger cities of the West to visit them and make addresses. It was said at Schwab's headquarters to-day that the Socialist will make a much more rapid progress since Most's arrival than before, and that it has a much better and firmer organization. Most will visit the Pacific coast before returning.

News in Advance.

PHILADELPHIA, April 6th.—The Ledger's New York special says: A friend, who is posted in the sayings and doings of the Nilist and Communist colony, mentions as a curious circumstance that the Frankfort dispatches this morning, announcing that the Kremlin at Moscow had been ruined, was posted up in the wine cellars of Biecker street in French and German some hours before it was published in the evening papers, or put on the news bulletins.

St. Louis, April 6th.—Mrs. M. A. Crabtree, in a letter, announces that her daughter, whose full name is Lotta Mignon Crabtree, will not play for two years, but will spend that time in Europe and seek medical treatment for the restoration of her voice. If the old tones can be brought back again, then Lotta will be heard once more, but if the physicians of the country fail to set her worn chords to new music, Lotta will appear on the stage no more.

The Counting of the Cash.

WASHINGTON, April 6th.—The committee examining the condition of the United States Treasury are making rapid progress. The bonds held as security for public deposits, and the bonds of the United States fund, have been counted, and found to agree with the amount called for. All the odds and ends have been counted up, and the work now before the committee is to straighten out of the sealed packages of reserve United States notes and bags of silver coin. There are 1,350 packages of notes, and the total contains 4,000 notes. There are about 2,500 bags of silver, each bag containing \$1,000. The count will not be finished for two weeks. The members of the committee are confident the Treasury is in good shape in every respect.

The Jeannette Investigation.

WASHINGTON, April 6th.—The Jeannette Court of Inquiry convened to-day. The Judge Advocate General, Geo. B. Davis, received a communication from Dr. Collins in closing thirty-five questions, which he desired to have put to witnesses. Freeman Bartlett was called, and the question of Collins in reply, the witness stated in substance that Collins was treated exactly the same as the other officers. The witness was of the opinion that the trip to Behm was not a rescue mission, but that it would have been attended with great suffering, and he believed that, taking all things into consideration, everything was done that could have been done to rescue De Long's party.

The Chilians in Peru.

NEW YORK, April 6th.—The World, referring to its Lima correspondence, asserts that the position of the Chilians in Peru is full of peril. The guerrilla forces, it is said, they are not to be called the army, of General Caceres, can no longer be regarded with indifference by the Chilean general of Lima. A strife from which the Chileans have not come off with advantage, occurred between the outposts of Caceres and the Chilean three weeks ago, within three miles of the Peruvian capital. Meanwhile, a deadly epidemic, invited by the debauchery and recklessness of the Chilean troops, has broken out among the sickened on the coast. A single serious military disaster to the Chileans is obvious would bring the Peruvians to arms all over the country, and the ally attacked which the Chilean Government is making to manufacture a postboard Peruvian President out of discredited and insignificant Iglesias, bears witness to the anxiety and distrust, if not to the positive alarm, of the Chilean Government at the condition in which it has allowed itself to be drawn by yielding to the extravagant and senseless rapacity of the worst element in Chilean society.

The Central American States.

CHICAGO, April 6th.—S. A. Bates, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States from the Republic of Guatemala, was in this city yesterday on his way to Washington. He will likewise look after the interests of the Republic of San Salvador at the same time. Bates said his trip from Panama was not without its pleasant features, and as soon as the steamer arrived in San Francisco he was so well pleased with that city that he and his family spent several days there.

"You look for the confederation of the Central American Republics, do you not?"

"Well, of the fact that I have just returned from Guatemala, looks upon such a confederation as the hope and aim of his life. When these republics are united as one

nation, there is no danger of petty strifes or domestic discord. I have given the project my warm and energetic support, and know that, prominent in the several Central American republics, will never weary until there is found a successful issue."

A Case of Misplaced Confidence.

NEW YORK, April 6th.—A case which seems like an attempt to establish slavery in this country under the British law, attracted considerable attention in the Jefferson Police Court yesterday. The cause of the dispute was a 14-year-old Malay, who had been shipped while an infant with a load of coolies from Calcutta to British Guiana. The child had been sent to Mrs. Emily Donnelly, who then lived in Guiana, but who came to this city a few years ago, bringing the boy with her. Since then he has been used as a servant by different people to whom he was lent by Mrs. Donnelly. He finally was loaned to Mrs. Julia Moore, managing a private school, and when Mrs. Donnelly demanded his back on the ground that he was her slave, an issue was made in a Justice's Court, and the Justice sent the case to a higher tribunal and sent the child in the meantime to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

The New Postal Law.

WASHINGTON, April 6th.—It is estimated by persons thoroughly familiar with the subject that under the new law reducing letter postage and regulating the pay of stationers, the receipts of not more than one office in every four, on a general average, will be in excess of the Postmaster's salaries. Under the existing law, it is said, the Postmaster, however insignificant, contributed about two-fifths of their receipts to the Government.

Indians Wanted for a Circus.

WASHINGTON, April 6th.—Information has been received at the Washington office of the effect that parties are on the Pine Ridge reservation endeavoring to induce some of the Sioux Indians to leave the reservation and join a circus. Indian Commissioner Price telegraphed agent McGillicuddy that no one had a right to take Indians off the reservation, and he was asked to take no peaceable means to prevent parties from doing so.

"Admiral" Murray.

NEW YORK, April 6th.—The Rev. W. H. Murray, of Adirondack fame, arrived in this city on Wednesday from San Antonio, Texas, alone. He was questioned this evening about a report that he had run away from San Antonio, leaving \$100,000 in debt. He said the report was "a lie from top to bottom." "I left San Antonio," he said, "Saturday morning last, in the most open manner. At 10 o'clock I was in Concord, and I went from there directly to the train. Fully fifty persons to whom I was personally known waited for me, and I did not leave it until I reached Washington, where I stopped over a few hours, and then came on here."

"Did you leave debts of \$120,000?"

"I do not owe \$120,000 in Texas, and I did not promise to meet any creditors there. I am absolutely false. I have been entirely alone for the two years and a half that I have been in Texas. I passed the last month at San Antonio, and I have not seen a man here since. No man holds my notes for \$2,500. I never had a ranch in Texas, and never bred cattle there. I never failed in a newspaper, and I never wrote a line for a newspaper in that State."

Jay Gould's New Yacht.

PHILADELPHIA, April 6th.—A large party of New York men will arrive to-morrow morning on a special train, to witness the launch of Jay Gould's yacht, the Atlantic. It is yet only the wood and iron skin of the craft is on the ways. The decks are not yet laid, and the engine and propeller are not yet in place. The launch is to be named the "Atlantic," and it is to be the largest and most beautiful of its kind.

Diaz Not Coming.

NEW YORK, April 6th.—Referring to the recent statements in the California papers that General Diaz would visit California, a member of his party said to-day that the General would go hence to Galveston by steamer, and probably thence direct to Mexico.

Attempted Train Wrecking.

ST. LOUIS, April 6th.—An attempt was made to wreck a train on the Missouri and Pacific Railway, sixteen miles north of Des Moines, Tex., yesterday morning, but failed. The train was composed of a passenger car, a baggage car, and a freight car. The train was stopped by the engine, and the passengers were taken to safety. The cause of the attempt is not known.

Boiler Explosion.

NEWBURN (N. C.), April 6th.—A boiler exploded at the factory of Geo. B. Davis this evening. The engineer and fireman were both killed. The house of Isaiah Wood, 100 yards distant, was destroyed, and Mrs. Wood was killed. The cause of the explosion is not known.

The Star Route Examination.

WASHINGTON, April 6th.—The examination of John Dorey was continued to-day in the Court of Claims. Dorey was asked by the Government whether he had written his brother that he regarded the Tongue river route to be worth \$100,000 for the contract term. He answered that the statement showed his ignorance of the business of running mail routes. Witness could not identify his brother's handwriting; had not received a letter from him since December, 1879. The testimony of witness closed with a denial of any intention of making the affidavit connected with the route. Adjourned until Monday.

Much amusement was created in the Courtroom this afternoon by the circulation of a humorous paper containing a sketch of the star route trial in 1901.

The Diamond Mine Disaster—Verdict of the Coroner's Jury.

BRAIDWOOD (Ill.), April 6th.—The verdict of the Coroner's jury in the case of the diamond mine disaster was returned to-day. The verdict was that the accident was caused by the negligence of the mine owners, and that the mine was not properly ventilated.

The shaft has been open for volunteers to enter since Monday, but as no one appeared, the work of the mine was stopped to-day, with a view to the abandonment of the mine.

A petition to Governor Hamilton, signed by the relatives of those whose bodies are yet entombed, and praying for a further search, is in circulation.

The Mormon Reunion in Ohio.

KIRTLAND, April 6th.—Cold winds and rain to-day interfered somewhat with the attendance at the Mormon reunion. The organizers were not disappointed, however. Religious services were held last night and this morning. Rev. G. E. Donel, of Glenwood, preaching this morning. At 1:30 the delegates from the various States arrived. Rev. Z. H. Gurley was chosen temporary Chairman, and E. L. Kelley Secretary of the Conference. After prayer by Rev. Joseph Smith, the following were appointed: Committee on Credentials: Herman S. Smith, Hiram Bronson, Charles Garry, T. G. Pitts and Eben Robinson. Messrs. A. H. Smith, E. B. Smith and W. W. Blair were appointed a Committee of Organization. The Chair then introduced Rev. Joseph Smith, Jr., President of the Reorganized Church of Latter Day Saints. The speaker gave a brief outline of the purpose of the reunion, the condition of the church, the outlook for the future, and the programme for the Church Conference. Rev. W. W. Blair was the next speaker. He is counselor of the church and at present a missionary to Utah. Among other things, he said: "Our Conference has some reference to Joseph Smith, the seer. We see him a poor, unlettered boy, in the wilds of New York, persecuted, opposed on every hand. He organized a church of six members in the backwoods of New York. From that nucleus a great church has arisen, that has attracted the attention of the civilized world. If Joseph Smith was inspired by God Almighty, he was the most wonderful man in this century. We praise him and his work is performed."

Wish of the Latter Day Saints made a short address. Speaking of the Utah Mormons, or Brightsmen, he said: "They are dissenters from the original Church. The people of Utah, men

and women, have practiced the meanest things that I ever disgraced the world, and I am very sorry such a terrible thing as polygamy exists. It is a curse black as Egyptian darkness. I do not take stock in anti-religion followers who do not live in the nation to obey its laws. I would rather have my child a rank infidel than a Utah Mormon, practicing polygamy. We hope the United States Government will pack a distinct basis for the Reorganized Church of Latter Day Saints and those latter day devils in Utah." This closed the afternoon service. A permanent organization will be effected here to-morrow morning. To-night John W. Gilbert, of Fall River, Mass., preached a sermon.

The Billiard Tournament.

CHICAGO, April 6th.—By beating Dion this afternoon at the billiard tournament, Maurice Day secured the third prize. Sexton the fourth and Morris the fifth. Day went off briskly, and early took a strong lead, but on the 33rd inning Dion ran in a largest run in the tournament, and thereby came within sixty points of his opponent. Score: Day—600; average, 18.33; highest run, 85. Dion—540; average, 15.33; highest run, 101.

Chicago, April 6th.—The closing game of the tournament, to decide the world's championship at the billiard game, was played this evening to an audience which literally packed Central Music Hall.

The players were Maurice Vignaux and Jacob Schaefer. The characteristic points of the game were nervousness on the part of both players, a fine rally toward the close by Schaefer, after Vignaux, through extreme nervousness, failed to profit by two or three good opportunities to win. So nervous, indeed, was he, that he could not retain his seat while his opponent was playing, but moved excitedly about, while perspiration stood out in great drops upon his forehead. Schaefer, on the other hand, and chose the black ball. He failed to count on the first stroke, and was followed by Vignaux with a run of 11. Then Schaefer gathered 38 on his string. Vignaux made 4 in his second inning, leaving the balls in a bad position, and Schaefer failed to count. The first point of special interest was by Vignaux in his sixth inning, when he having secured for a time his nervousness in the previous innings, he ran 139. The game then closed, and Vignaux was the winner. He then took the balls, and by the most brilliant play conceivable, including open and close calls, around the table draws, masses and rail running, secured 129. Vignaux made 175. The next notable performance by Vignaux was in the eighth inning, in which he counted 77, and in the twelfth, when he scored 100. Schaefer made small runs until the 17th, when he added 95 points by rapid play. The score then stood 448 to 423 in Schaefer's favor. In the eighteenth inning Vignaux made 52, and both began to show great nervousness, making small runs and misses. In the last half of the twentieth inning, Schaefer made small runs until the 17th, when he added 95 points by rapid play. The score then stood 448 to 423 in Schaefer's favor. In the eighteenth inning Vignaux made 52, and both began to show great nervousness, making small runs and misses. In the last half of the twentieth inning, Schaefer made small runs until the 17th, when he added 95 points by rapid play. 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This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some faint smudges and discoloration, characteristic of old paper. The left edge of the page shows the binding of the book.

This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and a small dark spot near the bottom center. A faint vertical crease or fold line is visible near the right edge.

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